

Human SUMF1 Protein (C-His)

Catalog Number:	601801, 601802
Size:	25 ug, 100 ug
Target Name:	SUMF1, Formylglycine-generating enzyme
Regulatory Status:	RUO

PRODUCT DETAILS

Application:	ELISA, BLI
Format:	Liquid, Purified
Expression Host:	HEK293
Species:	Human
Accession Number:	Q8NBK3
Sources:	Recombinant human SUMF1 protein (Ser34-Asp374) with C-terminus His tag was expressed in 293 Cells.
Molecular Weight:	This protein has a predicted molecular weight of 38.8 kDa. Under DTT-reducing conditions, the protein migrates at approximately 40-45 kDa on SDS-PAGE.
Affinity Tag:	C-His
Purity:	>95% based on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition
Formulation:	25 mM HEPES, 150 mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 7.4
Endotoxin level:	Not tested
Protein Concentration:	25µg size is bottled at 0.2mg/mL concentration. 100 µg size is supplied at a lot-specific concentration.
Storage and Handling:	Briefly centrifuge the vial upon receipt. An unopened vial can be stored at 4°C for up to 2 weeks, or at -20°C or below for up to six months. The protein may be further diluted to 0.1 mg/mL using 0.22 µm-filtered HEPES buffer (pH 7.4). For long-term storage, the diluted stock solution should be aliquoted and stored at ≤ -70°C to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. If additional dilution is required, carrier proteins such as FBS or BSA should be added to maintain protein stability.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Sulfatase-modifying factor 1 (SUMF1) is an essential endoplasmic reticulum (ER)-resident enzyme that functions as the master activator of all cellular sulfatases. Encoded by the SUMF1 gene, SUMF1 catalyzes a unique post-translational modification required for sulfatase activity: it converts a conserved cysteine residue within newly synthesized sulfatases into C α -formylglycine (FGly). This aldehyde-bearing residue is indispensable for catalysis, enabling sulfatases to hydrolyze sulfate esters from glycosaminoglycans, sulfolipids, and steroid sulfates. Without SUMF1 activity, sulfatases remain catalytically inactive.

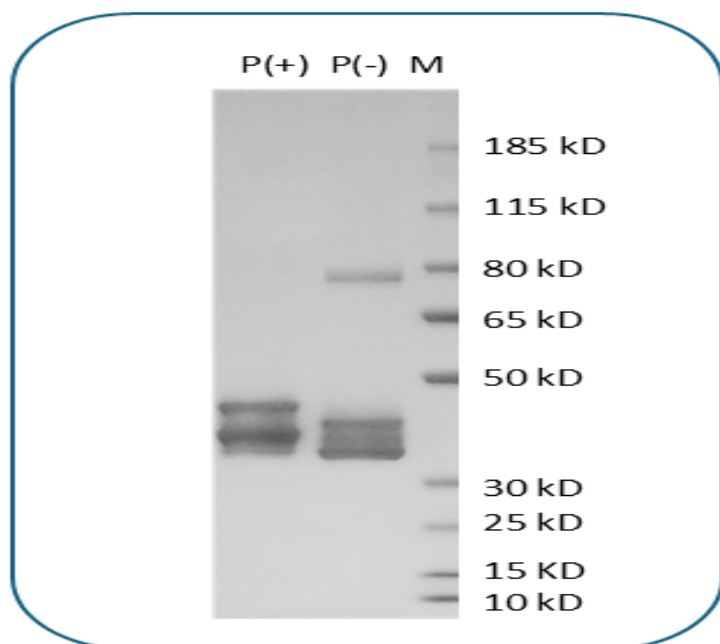
Structurally, SUMF1 is a soluble luminal ER protein of approximately 374 amino acids. Crystal structure analyses have revealed a

compact, globular fold stabilized by intramolecular disulfide bonds and coordinated metal ions, which support its catalytic mechanism. SUMF1 recognizes a conserved sulfatase signature sequence (Cys-X-Pro-X-Arg motif) within substrate sulfatases. Rather than binding classical small-molecule ligands, SUMF1 interacts transiently with nascent sulfatase polypeptides during their maturation in the ER. Molecular oxygen is required for its enzymatic oxidation reaction, and copper has been implicated as a catalytic cofactor.

Deficiency of SUMF1 causes multiple sulfatase deficiency (MSD), a rare autosomal recessive lysosomal storage disorder. In MSD, the simultaneous loss of activity across all sulfatases leads to widespread accumulation of sulfated substrates, resulting in severe neurodegeneration, skeletal abnormalities, and early mortality. Disease severity correlates with residual SUMF1 activity, underscoring its central regulatory role in lysosomal metabolism.

Therapeutically, SUMF1 is of significant interest in the context of lysosomal storage disorders. Because sulfatase enzymes used in enzyme replacement therapies require FGly modification for activity, co-expression of SUMF1 in recombinant production systems enhances sulfatase potency. Gene therapy strategies targeting MSD aim to restore functional SUMF1 expression, while broader applications include optimizing sulfatase-based biologics. Thus, SUMF1 serves both as a critical metabolic regulator and as a key enabling factor in therapeutic enzyme development.

PRODUCT DATA



Purified Human SUMF1 final product on SDS-PAGE under reducing (P+) and non-reducing (P-) conditions. The purity of Human SUMF1 appears to be greater than 95% based on reducing condition. The bands around 75 kDa in non-reducing is a dimer. The multiple bands at reducing conditions may be due to glycosylation and proteolytic truncation.

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